

ACORN MULTI ACADEMY TRUST

Axminster Community Primary Academy
Loders CE Primary Academy
Marshwood CofE Primary Academy
Membury Community Primary Academy
Mrs Ethelston's CofE Primary Academy
St. Andrew's CofE Primary Academy
Thorncombe St Mary's CofE Primary Academy

Behaviour Policy

Document control table	1						
Behaviour	Document		Ве	Behaviour Policy			
	Title:						
Policy	Version		V1	V1			
	number:						
Author (Job title):		Clerk	Clerk (from Browne Jacobson template)				
Staff responsibility: (name or post)			CEO & Head of School				
Source		BJ: October 2022					
Date formally approved & adopted:	8th December 2022			Formal Approval by:	Trust Board		
Review information:	Every three years			Next Review Due By: November 2025			
This policy must be read in conjunction with the following policies: Anti-Bullying Policy Attendance Complaints Policy			Equality Policy Exclusion & Suspension Policy Positive Handling Policy SEND Policy Supporting Pupils with Medical Needs				
Document History							
0/10/22 Clerk		DFE statutory guidance 2022. New template					

Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Core Values	3
3	Aims and Objectives	3
4	Application of Policy	4
5	Roles and Responsibilities	4
6	Behaviour Approach	7
7	Rewards	7
8	Sanctions	8
9	Pupils with Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities	11
10	Investigating Incidents	12
11	Search, seizure and confiscation	13
12	Use of reasonable force	14
13	Bullying	15
14	Child-on-Child Sexual Abuse	16
15	Complaints	16

1 Introduction

- 1.1 Acorn Multi Academy Trust ("the Trust's") behaviour strategy is aimed at creating a culture with high expectations of behaviour and establishing calm, safe and supportive environments conducive to learning across its academies. Good behaviour and self-discipline leads to effective learning and helps prepare children and young people for life beyond the school gate. Acorn Multi Academy Trust believes that setting high behavioural standards is key to upholding the Trust's core values and its mission statement: 'to provide high quality education and deliver the best possible outcomes for young people, enabling every child to flourish, regardless of background'.
- 1.2 This policy outlines the high behavioural standards the Trust expects from all our pupils, the support and interventions used to address poor behaviour and sets out the sanctions that will follow if this policy is not adhered to. This policy should be read in conjunction with the Trust's exclusions and suspensions policy, anti-bullying policy, anti-racism policy, SEND and safeguarding and child protection policy, all of which can be found on the Trust's website. It will be reviewed annually by the Board of Trustees.

2 Core Values

- As a church school, we base our values on those of the Christian faith. Our core values are embedded into everyday life at Thorncombe St Mary's and we celebrate those that are shared with other faiths and universal human values. We believe that children learn values from their personal relationships and experiences, from the examples set by parents, other adults and teachers and their relationships with each other.
- Love is the value that all of the others are based upon and therefore is our main core value. In the Bible we learn that "Love is patient and kind. Love is not jealous or boastful or proud or rude. It does not demand its own way. It is not irritable, and it keeps no record of being wronged. It does not rejoice about injustice but rejoices whenever the truth wins out. Love never gives up, never loses faith, is always hopeful, and endures through every circumstance." (1 Corinthians 13:4-7)
- The values that support our main value of Love are: compassion, thankfulness, service, hope, forgiveness and endurance.

3 Aims and Objectives

This school is committed to providing a broad, balanced and effective education for all the children who attend our school. Relationships and behaviour are integral to our happy, healthy and safe learning community. By setting high standards of expected behaviour, we aim to:

- promote positive relationships that safeguard and promote the welfare of pupils, creating an effective learning environment;
- maximise the quality of the learning experience for all pupils enabling everyone to learn effectively;
- enable pupils to understand the implications of their behaviour, to control their own behaviour and most importantly to take responsibility for their behaviour;
- ensure every member of the Trust community feels valued, respected and treated fairly;
- provide an ethos and environment within which everyone feels safe;
- foster discipline and mutual respect between pupils and their peers, and between staff and pupils;
- raise awareness amongst pupils to ensure that their behaviour does not put their peers or staff at an increased risk in respect of health and safety;
- define a framework for rewarding success and de-escalating negative behaviours;
- promote self-esteem, self-regulation and positive relationships with all staff members;

- Involve parents/carers, pupils and staff in the application of this policy and establish strong communications with all stakeholders:
- raise awareness amongst pupils for the need to recognise and manage their emotions and reactions; and
- support pupils whose behaviour within the school environment is challenging or who
 may find friendship and cooperation difficult.

4 Application of Policy

- 4.1 This policy applies to all members of the Trust community. The Trust uses an information management system (CPOMS) to record behaviour incidents in a consistent format. Each school within the Trust will apply sanctions within this policy for behaviour that takes place outside of school premises where it is reasonable to do so, for example if allegations of bullying or inappropriate online activity taking place outside of school hours are reported to the school.
- 4.2 When deciding whether it would be reasonable to impose a sanction for poor behaviour outside of the school, staff will consider:
 - 4.2.1 whether the pupil is taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity, travelling to or from the school, wearing school uniform or is in some other way identifiable as a pupil at the school at the time of the poor behaviour; and/or
 - 4.2.2 the severity of the misbehaviour, whether the pupil's behaviour could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school, whether the behaviour poses a threat to another pupil or member of the public or could adversely affect the reputation of the school and/or Trust.

5 Roles and Responsibilities

All members of the Trust community are expected to follow this policy and treat one another with dignity, kindness and respect. Roles, responsibilities and expectations of each section of the Trust community are set out in detail below.

5.1 Board of Trustees

The Trustees will work with the CEO and the Senior Leadership Team to set the ethos and a set of core values that promote high standards of expected behaviour from pupils attending its academies. Trustees will monitor and evaluate the impact of the policy and will hold the CEO to account for its implementation. Trustees will ensure that they and local governors receive relevant training on suspensions, exclusions, behaviour and discipline at least every three years.

5.2 The Chief Executive Officer

The CEO will ensure that this Behaviour Policy is applied consistently across the academies within the Trust and will report back to the Trustees on educational outcomes, behaviour management, support strategies and early intervention for pupils requiring additional support. They will ensure that senior staff receive regular continued professional development and receive regular training on behaviour management.

5.3 Local Governing Body

Local governors in each school will review and monitor the application and implementation of this policy by receiving regular reports from the school Head of School on behavioural sanctions and support put in place for pupils at the school. Local governors will visit the school, scrutinise relevant data, review relevant suspension and exclusion decisions and act as a point of challenge for decisions taken by the Head of School.

5.4 Head of School

The Head of School, with support from their Senior Leadership Team, will ensure that staff are supported and up to date with policy changes. They will ensure that lessons are well led, effectively managed and that staff regularly and effectively self-evaluate their behaviour management strategies. The Head of School will ensure that the teaching of behaviour expectations is included in induction for all staff and pupils, regardless of whether they enter the school at standard or non-standard entry points. The Head of School will monitor how staff implement this policy to ensure rewards and sanctions are applied fairly and consistently, searches are carried out lawfully and the use of removal from the classroom is used appropriately and not having a disproportionate effect on pupils sharing particular protected characteristics. The Head of School will act as a source of support and guidance for staff on behaviour management strategies and discipline.

5.5 **Staff**

All staff will:

- communicate the contents of this policy to all pupils and parents to ensure that the
 Trust's expectations are transparent to all pupils and parents, and that expectations of,
 and responses to, behaviour are consistent, fair, proportionate, and predictable. Staff
 will do this by reinforcing this in assemblies, as part of PSHCE, discussed as part of
 pupil induction to the school;
- apply this policy fairly, consistently, proportionately, and without discrimination, taking into account SEND as well as the additional challenges that some vulnerable pupils may face;
- make reasonable adjustments for disabled pupils as required;
- promote a teaching and learning ethos which encourages all pupils to attend and participate in lessons whatever their level of ability or need;
- model positive behaviour;
- not tolerate disruption to teaching, learning or school routines and take proportionate action to restore acceptable standards of behaviour;
- challenge pupils to meet the school expectations and maintain the boundaries of acceptable conduct;
- record incidents of poor behaviour and any given sanctions in the pupil's behavioural log;
- provide praise, rewards and reinforce positive behaviour;
- deal with incidents of bullying, discrimination, aggression and derogatory language quickly and effectively;
- focus on de-escalation and preventative strategies rather than being solely reactive;
- consider the welfare of the whole Trust community and ensure that the majority of pupils' education is not jeopardised by the disruptive behaviour of a minority of pupils;
- contribute to the development of systems which support and reinforce positive behaviour;
- recognise that there may be contributory factors which affect pupil's behaviour and respond according to individual need;
- identify pupils who are experiencing difficulties in developing or sustaining appropriate behaviour and put in place general and targeted interventions to improve pupil behaviour and provide support. This could include:
- more frequent engagement with parents;
- home visits;

- mentoring and coaching;
- report cards;
- time in a pupil support unit;
- engaging with local partners and agencies to address specific challenges;
- consideration of whether a multi-agency assessment referral is required e.g. Early Help or an Education Health and Care Plan; and/or]
- designing an Individual Behaviour Plan or Pastoral Support Plan or relational support plan with set targets and support strategies embedded within;
- contact parents if there is a problem with attendance, punctuality or equipment and about any concerns or problems that affect their child's work or behaviour;
- set, mark and monitor homework and provide facilities for children to do homework in the school if required;
- send parents an annual written report on their child's progress and arrange Parents'
 Evenings during which progress will be discussed; and
- engage with and attend all training and development sessions to continually improve behaviour management and learn from best practice.

5.6 Parents

Parents play an important role in ensuring good behaviour from their children. Parents are expected to:

- support the school in the application and enforcement of this policy;
- inform the school of any challenging behaviour exhibited at home, special education needs or changes in circumstances that may account for changes in their child's behaviour:
- ensure their child attends the school on time, appropriately dressed, fed, rested, and equipped;
- work with the school in support of their child's learning;
- attend virtual or in person meetings at the school with staff to discuss their child's behaviour;
- inform the school in writing of any medication their child needs to take (see the "Supporting children with medical needs" policy);
- support their child in homework and other opportunities for home learning;
- attend Parents' Evenings and discussions about their child's progress, if reasonably possible; and
- In the case of suspension, provide appropriate supervision for their child during the
 first 5 days of suspension, ensure that their child is not present in a public place during
 school hours without reasonable justification and, if invited, attend a reintegration
 interview at the school with their child.

5.7 **Pupils**

The rights and responsibilities of pupils are set out at the Annex to this policy along with a list of the school rules to which all pupils must adhere. Reminders of the school rules and expected standards of behaviour are up on walls in classrooms and situated around the school. Pupils are expected to have a positive attitude and maintain high expectations for themselves.

Pupils will be asked to give feedback on their experience of the behaviour culture to support the evaluation, improvement and implementation of the behaviour policy.

6 Behaviour Approach

This policy is informed by a positive approach to behaviour management. Wherever possible, we encourage, praise, celebrate, reward and positively reinforce key learning powers that pupils will need for life. In all pupils, we foster the ability to be:

- Resilient
- Determined
- Resourceful
- Responsible
- Reflective

We believe that building a pupil's self-esteem, through strong relationships and a positive approach, is key to good behaviour, good learning attitudes and to success in life. We expect all adults who work across our schools to embrace this approach and to proactively support it. Effective and consistent behaviour management is the responsibility of all staff throughout the school. High standards should be expected and required at all times. Central within the policy is choice: we refer to good choices (which lead to good consequences) and unwise choices (which lead to negative consequences, usually based around our system of warnings). There are two key reasons for using the language of 'choice':

It promotes self-management of behaviour and enables some reflection of what behavioural choices exist(ed) ie there are always different behavioural options (we don't accept / expect that some children will always behave in such a way) and; It avoids labelling children - instead, we refer to the choices we all make and that we should always try to make good choices.

7 Rewards System

The school believes that it is important to encourage good conduct throughout the school by celebrating and rewarding good behaviour.

Adults in school strive to recognise and reward positive behaviour, seeking to catch 'children displaying our core values' at every opportunity. By verbally celebrating pupils' attitudes to learning, play and transition through school, we reinforce our expectations all of the time.

Teachers use praise and Class Dojos to instantly reward appropriate behaviour in all classes and shared spaces. Pupils can also share their special achievement with the Head of School in order to receive a special 'Head Teachers' sticker. Each week, a child from each class is celebrated during our Celebration Worship for their achievements. A wide range of further rewards are also used to promote positive behaviours for learning:

Class Dojo Points

Children earn Class Dojo points for following our school values and showing good learning behaviours. The winning house each week is announced in our Celebration Worship. At the end of term, the winning house enjoys a winner's event that is determined by the children.

Core Value Apples

A child from each class is selected each week for displaying our core values and

making good choices. These apples are awarded to these children during our weekly Celebration Worship and a copy of the apples are added to our whole school core value tree display. A picture is also attached to our weekly school newsletter of the children holding their apples.

Attendance and Punctuality

We also recognise attendance and punctuality as important learning behaviours to be celebrated. Children are recognised for having good attendance and punctuality and this is communicated to parents through the year.

8 Sanctions

8.1 Where a pupil's conduct falls below the standard which could reasonably be expected of them the first priority will be to ensure the safety of pupils and staff and to restore a calm environment. De-escalation techniques may be used to help prevent further behaviour issues arising. These are set out below.

Stage	Cue	Description of de-escalation techniques
Stage 1	Non-verbal signal	Adult gives non-verbal signal to stop the inappropriate behaviour and allows take up time, e.g. touch back of chair to indicate '4 legs on the floor.'
Stage 2	Verbal signal	Adult will state the inappropriate behaviour, describe the desired behaviour and give choices, e.g. 'Jack - you're swinging on your chair. Let me see your chair legs down - thank you.' OR 'You can either put 4 legs on the floor or if you need to, you can swap seats?'
Stage 3	Verbal Reminder	If behaviour persists, the adult will give a clear message that the behaviour needs to stop by issuing a verbal reminder. 'Jack - I've already asked you to keep 4 legs on the floor. You are not being safe - that is your reminder.' (No minutes have been lost at this stage.)
Stage 4	Take 5	If inappropriate behaviour continues, the child will be asked to 'Take 5' within the classroom. Following a suitable period, a restorative conversation should take place between the adult and the child. This conversation needs to ascertain any underlying matters which may be leading to the undesirable behaviour and re-set high expectations for the remainder of the session. Adults should seek to offer support and re-engage the child in their learning. (No minutes have been lost at this stage.)
Stage 5	Minutes off	If inappropriate behaviour continues, minutes will be lost from playtime. Minutes lost are not an accumulation of minutes - each incident has a primary behaviour and the number of minutes lost should relate to that. Secondary behaviours (huffing, puffing, sighing, swearing) should be ignored as far as possible by allowing suitable take-up time. Adults should seek to offer support and re-engage the child in their learning.

Stage 6	Leave the classroom/lea rning space	A pupil will be asked to leave the classroom if the behaviour continues or escalates following Stage 5. The decision to withdraw a child is not taken to punish a child, rather to provide a low stimulus environment without an audience to allow the child to regulate their own behaviour. Pupils are accompanied to the school's designated area by their trusted adults to allow the child to calm down enough to engage in a restorative conversation with the adult.
---------	---	---

Once the child is calm, all adults will talk with the child about the behaviour they displayed and how to make better choices next time.

- 8.2 The school will impose sanctions in response to pupil misconduct. All sanctions will be reasonable and proportionate to the circumstances of the incident and due consideration will be given to the pupil's age, any special educational needs or disability and any religious requirements. The particular level of sanction will depend on the severity and regularity of the behaviour and will be proportionate in the circumstances. A response to behaviour may have various purposes including deterrence, protection and/or improvement. The school uses a range of sanctions in response to incidents of poor behaviour. These sanctions include:
 - verbal reprimand;
 - requiring a written apology;
 - confiscation of a pupil's property;
 - missing break time;
 - extra work or repeating unsatisfactory work until it meets the required standard;
 - school-based community service or imposition of a task such as picking up litter, weeding school grounds; tidying a classroom; helping clear up the dining hall after meal times; or removing graffiti;
 - loss of privileges for instance the loss of a prized responsibility or not being able to participate in a non-uniform day or other extra-curricular school events such as sports day:
 - internal exclusion;
 - removal from a class or groups;
 - education off-site for a designated period;
 - suspension or permanent exclusion
- 8.3 School staff aim to work in cooperation with parents to understand the reasons behind their child's behaviour and put in place a clear support strategy for modifying and addressing that behaviour. This might include the designated safeguarding lead making enquiries into circumstances outside of the school and/or having a targeted discussion with the pupil, including explaining what they did wrong, the impact of their actions, how they can do better in the future and what will happen if their behaviour fails to improve. The Trust recognises the importance of effective home-school communication and will endeavour to communicate with parents, and the Virtual School Head for looked after children, regarding students' behaviour when necessary. When a sanction is imposed, parents will be informed.
- 8.4 The school encourages restorative justice and pupils are encouraged to apologise to their peer group and/or to staff for rudeness or a lack of respect.
- 8.5 The school will also consider whether the behaviour under review gives cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm. Where this may be the case, staff will follow the school's safeguarding policy. They will also consider whether continuing disruptive

behaviour might be the result of unmet educational or other needs. If staff reasonably believe this to be the case they will consider whether a multi-agency assessment is necessary.

- 8.6 Under no circumstances will illegal or inappropriate items be tolerated in the school, and all pupils will respect and look after the school premises and environment. The following behaviour is regarded as completely unacceptable and will result in disciplinary actions and possibly in suspension or exclusion, depending on the circumstances:
 - verbal abuse to staff and others;
 - verbal abuse to pupils;
 - physical abuse to/attack on staff;
 - physical abuse to/attack on pupils;
 - any form of bullying (to the extent not covered above);
 - indecent behaviour;
 - damage to property;
 - gambling on school property;
 - recording or taking images of pupils or staff without their express consent;
 - consuming, carrying, supplying or misusing of illegal drugs and alcohol and other substances including "legal highs";
 - carrying, supplying or taking prescription drugs or non-prescription drugs without lawful reason;
 - theft;
 - serious actual or threatened violence against another pupil or a member of staff;
 - sexual abuse or assault;
 - carrying an offensive weapon;
 - arson;
 - unacceptable behaviour which has previously been reported and for which school sanctions and other interventions have not been successful in modifying the pupil's behaviour;
 - malicious allegations against staff;
 - racist, sexist, homophobic or other forms of discriminatory behaviour;
 - persistent truancy/lateness;
 - possession of personal items such as mobile phones, toys and teddies.
- 8.7 Removal from the classroom for more than a short period will occur in response to serious misbehaviour, only when necessary and for as long as is necessary, and once other behavioural strategies in the classroom have been attempted, unless the behaviour is so extreme as to warrant immediate removal. Reasons for removal are:
 - to maintain the safety of all pupils and to restore stability following an unreasonably high level of disruption;
 - to enable disruptive pupils to be taken to a place where education can be continued in a managed environment; and
 - to allow the pupil to regain calm in a safe space.

During the period of removal, the pupil will receive continual, supervised education in a suitable environment. The length of time for a lesson removal will be tailored to the needs of the pupil, proportionate to the reason they were removed and considerations will be made for a planned successful reintegration, back into the classroom.

Staff will consider whether any assessment of underlying factors of disruptive behaviour is needed. Parents should be informed on the same day if their child has been removed from the classroom and a reintegration strategy will be discussed with the pupil and parents which facilitates reflection by the pupil, sets out any support to be put in place for the pupil to avoid

such behaviour in the future, sets out clear behavioural expectations and the consequences of failing to comply.

If a child has a social worker or is a looked after child, the Head of School will ensure that the social worker and/or Virtual School Head (as applicable) are informed of the lesson removal and adaptations to the Personal Education Plan are made to reflect the behaviour support in place.

8.8 Permanent exclusion will only be used as a sanction of last resort, in response to a serious breach, or persistent breaches, of this behaviour policy and where allowing the pupil to remain in the school would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupil or others in the school. The school will follow the Trust's Exclusions & Suspensions Policy and the DfE statutory guidance on suspensions and exclusions when taking a decision to suspend or exclude.

9 Pupils with Special Educational Needs and/or Disabilities

- 9.1 In the context of this policy, a child is considered to have SEND if he or she:
 - has difficulties in learning which are significantly greater than the majority of other pupils of the same age; or
 - has a disability which prevents or limits them from accessing the curriculum; or
 - has behavioural, emotional or social difficulties which impact adversely on their learning and progress.
- 9.2 The Trust is aware that continuous disruptive behaviour can be a result of unmet needs. If such needs are identified, the respective school will do all it can to ensure that the pupil receives appropriate support. The Trust is conscious of its legal duties under the Equality Act 2010 in respect of pupils with disabilities and will make reasonable adjustments to this policy to avoid any substantial disadvantage that a pupil may face as a consequence of their disability compared to their non-disabled peers. A reasonable adjustment that may be made would be to impose a more lenient sanction for a pupil whose behaviour is in consequence of their disability than would be imposed for a pupil exhibiting the same behaviour who does not have that disability. The Trust will not assume that because a pupil has SEND, it must have affected their behaviour on a particular occasion this is a question of judgement for the respective school on the facts of the situation.
- 9.3 An Individual Behaviour Plan and/or Relational Support Plan and/or Individual Provision Maps will be used for children with SEND whose condition causes them to display challenging behaviour and advice will be sought from external agencies where necessary to assist with putting in place appropriate support strategies, which will be monitored and reviewed. Please read the Trust's special educational needs policy and SEN Information Report for more information.
- 9.4 The respective school will as far as possible, anticipate likely triggers of misbehaviour for pupils identified as having SEND and will put in place support to prevent these. Examples of preventative measures include (but are not limited to):
 - short, planned movement breaks for a pupil whose SEND means that they find it difficult to sit still for long;
 - adjusting seating plans to allow a pupil with visual or hearing impairment to sit in sight of the teacher;
 - adjusting uniform requirements for a pupil with sensory issues or who has severe eczema;
 - training for staff in understanding conditions such as autism.

9.5 Staff training will include matters such as how certain special educational needs, disabilities, or mental health needs may at times affect a pupil's behaviour. Where relevant, engagement with experts, such as Educational Psychologists and other support staff such as counsellors and Mental Health Support Teams, can help to inform effective implementation of this policy.

10 **Investigating Incidents**

- 10.1 Initial investigations of minor infractions of the policy may be carried out by a member of staff/teacher on their own. Further investigations or initial investigations of more serious offences may be carried out by two staff together. Any questions raised by staff will be open and non-leading. If the police wish to question the pupil, the school will ensure that a responsible adult is present at all times and will inform the pupil's parents of what has happened as soon as possible.
- 10.2 When more than one pupil is involved in an incident and the interpretations of an event differ, then every effort will be made to try to find the truth. If this still remains unclear, then the staff members involved will use their professional judgement to come to a conclusion on the balance of probabilities.
- 10.3 In exceptional circumstances, pupils may receive a suspension pending an investigation, as a neutral act, if there is a possibility that the welfare of other pupils may be compromised by that pupil remaining in the school.

11 Search, seizure and confiscation

- 11.1 If an investigation or an allegation leads to reasonable suspicion and the search of a pupil's clothes, bags and lockers is deemed appropriate, a search may be carried out by the Head of School or staff authorised by them. Staff will follow the latest DfE guidance on searching, screening and confiscation when conducting a search. Staff will take into consideration the age and needs of pupils being searched or screened. This includes the individual needs or learning difficulties of pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) and making reasonable adjustments that may be required where a pupil has a disability.
- 11.2 The Head of School will oversee the practice of searching to ensure that a culture of safe, proportionate and appropriate searching is maintained, which safeguards the welfare of all pupils and staff with support from the designated safeguarding lead (or deputy). The Head of School will ensure that a sufficient number of staff are appropriately trained in how to lawfully and safely search a pupil who is not co-operating, so that these trained staff can support and advise other members of staff if this situation arises.
- 11.3 Staff may confiscate or seize items in the possession of pupils that pose a risk to staff or pupils, are illegal or banned by the school rules or is evidence in relation to an offence and may confiscate, retain or dispose of a pupil's property as a disciplinary sanction so long as it is reasonable in the circumstances. Confiscation of a pupil's property will be proportionate and aimed at maintaining an environment conducive to learning and one which safeguards the rights of other pupils to be educated. Where appropriate a member of staff may retain or dispose of a pupil's property as a punishment and are protected from liability for damage to, or loss of, any confiscated items. Guidance on what to do with particular confiscated items can be found in the latest DfE guidance on searching, screening and confiscation.
- 11.4 A teacher or someone who has lawful control of the child can search a pupil with their consent to look for any item banned by the school rules. Pupils must be first asked to empty pockets and bags themselves. Before any search takes place, the member of staff conducting the search should explain to the pupil why they are being searched, how and where the search is

going to take place and give them the opportunity to ask any questions. If the pupil refuses to give permission the school may impose a sanction for failing to follow a reasonable instruction.

- 11.5 The Head of School and other members of staff authorised by them have the power to search a pupil without the pupil's consent if they suspect they are in possession of 'prohibited items'. The designated safeguarding lead (or deputy) should be informed of any searching incidents where the member of staff had reasonable grounds to suspect a pupil was in possession of a prohibited item or if they believe that a search has revealed a safeguarding risk without delay. Prohibited items that can be searched for without consent include:
 - knives or weapons;
 - alcohol:
 - illegal drugs;
 - stolen items;
 - e-cigarettes, tobacco and cigarette papers;
 - fireworks;
 - pornographic images; or
 - articles that the member of staff reasonably suspects have been or could be used to commit an offence or cause personal injury to, or damage to property of, any person (including the pupil).

A member of staff can use reasonable force to search for any prohibited items but not to search for items which are identified only in the school rules. Before using reasonable force, the member of staff should consider whether conducting the search will prevent the pupil harming themselves or others, damaging property or from causing disorder.

- 11.6 Any search without consent must be conducted by a member of staff of the same sex as the pupil in the presence of another member of staff. A member of staff can only carry out a search of a pupil of the opposite sex and/or without a witness present, where the member of staff reasonably believes that there is a risk that serious harm will be caused to a person if they do not conduct the search immediately and where it is not reasonably practicable to summon another member of staff.
- 11.7 When conducting a search pupils must not be required to remove any clothing other than outer clothing. 'Outer clothing' is any item of clothing that is not worn wholly next to the skin or immediately over a garment that is being worn as underwear, as well as hats, shoes, boots or scarves.
- 11.8 Strip searches (a search involving the removal of more than outer clothing) on school premises can only be carried out by police officers under the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) Codes A and B. While the decision to undertake the strip search itself and its conduct are police matters, school staff retain a duty of care to the pupil(s) involved and will advocate for pupil wellbeing at all times. Before calling police into the school, staff will assess and balance the risk of a potential strip search on the pupil's mental and physical wellbeing and the risk of not recovering the suspected item. Staff will consider whether introducing the potential for a strip search through police involvement is absolutely necessary by consulting with the designated safeguarding lead and school Head of School, and should always ensure that other appropriate, less invasive approaches have been exhausted. Unless there is an immediate risk of harm and where reasonably possible, staff will inform a parent of the pupil suspected of concealing an item in advance of the search, even if the parent is not acting as the appropriate adult.
- 11.9 Staff should keep a record of any searches conducted on pupils and inform parents that a search has been carried out as soon as reasonably practicable. Records should include:

- the date, time and location of the search;
- which pupil was searched;
- who conducted the search and any other adults or pupils present;
- what was being searched for;
- the reason for searching;
- what items, if any, were found; and
- what follow-up action was taken as a consequence of the search.
- 11.10 Staff may seize an electronic device to examine any data or files on the device if they think there is good reason to do so. These data or files may be erased before returning the item if they believe there is good reason to do this. If the member of staff conducting the search suspects they may find an indecent image of a child, the member of staff should never intentionally view the image, and must never copy, print, share, store or save such images. When an incident might involve an indecent image of a child and/or video, the member of staff should confiscate the device, avoid looking at the device and refer the incident to the designated safeguarding lead. Staff will have regard to the UK Council for Internet Safety advice for managing incidences of sharing nudes and semi-nudes when managing these issues.

12 Use of reasonable force

- 12.1 The Trust strives to provide a safe learning environment for all pupils. All members of staff (and anyone whom the Head of School has given the responsibility to be in charge or in control of the pupils) are lawfully permitted to use reasonable force to prevent pupils committing an offence, injuring themselves or others, damaging property, and to maintain good order and discipline in the classroom.
- 12.2 This power extends to times when staff are lawfully in charge of pupils but are off the school premises i.e. on a school trip. There is no definition of when it is reasonable to use force and every situation will have to be judged by the person in charge at that time. The degree of force used should be the minimum needed to achieve the desired result.
- 12.3 Sometimes, pupils may get anxious or agitated and strategies used to help pupils calm down such as using communication skills, distraction techniques and removing triggers may not yield results. On rare occasions staff may have to use physical interventions to ensure the pupil's own safety, the safety of other pupils and staff, or to ensure that property is not seriously damaged.
- 12.4 All incidents where pupils need to be held to help them to calm down will be recorded, any Individual Behaviour Plan and/or Pastoral Support Plan and/or Individual Provision Maps reviewed and parents will be informed as a matter of course.

13 **Bullying**

- 13.1 The Trust will take all reasonable measures to ensure the safety and wellbeing of all pupils and staff and this includes protection from bullying. The Trust has a separate Anti-Bullying Policy which should be read in conjunction with this policy. Bullying is defined as the repetitive, intentional harming of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. This can include emotional, physical, racial, sexual, verbal (direct or indirect) and cyber-bullying.
- 13.2 The Trust wants to make sure that all pupils feel safe in the school and are accepted into the Trust community. The Trust's ethos is one of inclusion and equality; bullying of any kind is regarded as a serious breach of this behaviour policy and will not be tolerated.

- 13.3 Bullying can be verbal or physical, by person or by electronic, on-line or written means and can be directed at both staff and pupils. The Trust practices a preventative strategy to reduce the chances of bullying, and the Trust's anti-bullying strategy is instilled in the Trust's curriculum, through the active development of pupils' social, emotional and behavioural skills, assemblies and is embedded in daily school life. It is made very clear to pupils what is expected of them in terms of respecting their peers, members of the public, and staff, and any intentional breach of this will result in disciplinary action.
- 13.4 If an allegation of bullying does come up, the school will:
 - take it seriously;
 - investigate as quickly as possible to establish the facts;
 - record and report the incident; depending on how serious the case is, it may be reported to the Head of School;
 - provide support and reassurance to the victim;
 - make it clear to the 'bully' that this behaviour will not be tolerated. If there is a group of people involved, they will be spoken to individually and as a whole group. It is important that children who have harmed another, either physically or emotionally, redress their actions, and staff will make sure that they understand what they have done and the impact of their actions;
 - discuss the matter with both parties, bring them together and insist on the perpetrator seeing the other person's point of view; sometimes the no blame approach is used, sometimes negotiation and sometimes sanctions;
 - ensure that if a sanction is used, it will correlate to the seriousness of the incident and the 'bully' will be told why it is being used;
 - consider whether suspension or exclusion is appropriate in light of the circumstances.
- 13.5 The Trust believes pupils should be able to enjoy using social media in a safe environment but recognises that there are inherent threats in using social media which could harm the welfare of pupils and staff at its academies. Where a member of staff has reasonable grounds to suspect that a pupil is using social media in an inappropriate way, which could cause harm to another person in the Trust community, the member of staff should report this to a member of the school's Senior Leadership Team. Following any such report an investigation will follow during which an authorised member of staff may ask that the pupil gives them access to their social media account. In the event that the pupil refuses to cooperate and will not give access to an authorised member of staff during an investigation this could lead to an adverse decision taken against the pupil.

14 Child-on-Child Sexual Abuse

Sexual violence and sexual harassment are never acceptable and will not be tolerated. The Trust will act swiftly in response to instances of alleged child-on-child abuse and will follow its safeguarding policy, Keeping Children Safe statutory guidance and the DfE guidance on sexual violence and harassment between children. Risk assessments will be carried out and measures put in place while investigations into any reports continue. Measures are listed in the safeguarding and child protection policy. Support will be provided to the reported victim and abuser. The outcome of the investigation may lead to sanctions being imposed in accordance with the terms of this policy.

15 **Complaints**

If parents have any concerns or complaints over the application or implementation of this policy they should raise their concerns with a staff member or the Head of School in accordance with the Trust's complaints policy. If the concern relates to a suspension or exclusion, the statutory procedure set out in the exclusions guidance will be followed.

Annex 1 - Rights and Responsibilities of Pupils and School Rules

Rights	Responsibilities			
To feel safe both in and out of the classroom	Have regard for your own safety and that of others and care for school equipment/ resources/environment			
To learn, free from the disruption of others	Be prepared to engage in class and be involved with learning			
Be valued and have good work recognised and rewarded	Accept and learn from any sanctions that you receive			
To receive help and support where requested	Follow staff instructions and seek help when needed			
To be listened to and respected	Respect yourself, other people and their belongings			
To be treated fairly	Be self-disciplined and follow the school rules set out below			
To be treated as an individual	Inform a member of staff when this policy has been breached by yourself or another pupil			

Appendix 2 - Behaviour Ladder - Hierarchy of Behaviours /Sanctions

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
		FORMAL RECORDING ON CPOMS			
SANCTIONS	Non-verbal / verbal rule reminders Sanctions linked to class-based systems	Minor sanctions and informal contact with parents as appropriate Class Teacher to action	Escalating sanctions and informal contact with parents as appropriate Class Teacher to action	Formal behaviour support plan, sanctions and contact with parents as appropriate Head of School to action	Most severe sanctions, possibly exclusions, and greater involvemen with parents Head of School to action
		Persistent Level 1 behaviours	Persistent Level 2 behaviours	Persistent Level 3 behaviours	Persistent Level 4 behaviours
REFUSAL	 Not sitting on chairs properly Not listening Making a poor effort Not following uniform/jewellery policy 	Initial refusal to follow an instruction Wandering around classroom Telling lies directly to an adult to exonerate yourself	 Leaving the classroom without permission, but staying within the supervision of adults Refusing to do work/avoiding work Refusing to come out of toilets/hiding place Telling lies directly to an adult to get another in trouble 	Leaving the classroom without permission Not staying within the supervision of adults Refusing to follow any instruction from any member of staff	Leaving the school site without permission
VERBAL	 Calling out Interrupting Inappropriate chattering 	 Answering back/ Interrupting rudely Swearing to make people laugh Name calling / Unkind remarks Insulting families or loved ones 	 Using language which offends others Swearing to release frustration/ Swearing under breath/indirectly 	 Swearing directly to intentionally hurt or abuse someone Racist, sexist and homophobic abuse as a singular incident 	 Serious verbal abuse Racist, sexist and homophobic abuse, taunting or harassment.
PROPERTY	 Interfering with the property of others Accidental damage to school or personal property 	 Defacing own work Minor deliberate damage to property Deliberately throwing or flicking small items 	 Defacing others work Deliberately damaging school or personal property 	 Proven stealing of school or personal property Substantial damage to school property 	 Arson Serious deliberate damag to school or personal property
DISRUPTION	 Distracting others Fiddling with things Not sitting on the carpet properly 	Encouraging others to misbehave by laughing at their poor behaviour choice	 Disrupting the class so that learning is affected Manipulating others to make a poor behaviour choice 	Persistent, significant disruption to learning Using threats to force others to make poor behaviour choices Extortion	 Persistent, significant disruption to learning despite numerous strategies engaged to de-escalate

PHYSICAL	Unwanted physical contact: jostling, small pushes or shoves, poking, invading personal space.	 Play-fighting, leaving an injury 	 Threatened violence Deliberate minor physical assault: including hitting, strangling, punching, pinching, kicking and biting Spitting on things 	 Possession of an object that could be used intentionally to harm someone Serious fighting Deliberate serious physical assault: including hitting, strangling, punching, pinching, kicking and biting Spitting at someone 	 Deliberate serious wounding Causing serious injury by biting (age approp) Sexual misconduct
SUBSTANCE					 Smoking Alcohol or substance abuse Inappropriate use of prescribed drugs Possession of illegal drugs Drug dealing
BULLYING			 Selective friendships Deliberate exclusion Name calling Persistent alienation of specific children 	 Monitoring for bullying with regularly targeted behaviour incidents from one child to another Repeated malicious/threatening name calling 	 Proven and persistent bullying
POSSIBLE CONSEQU ENCES	Classroom Choices Chart Non-verbal reminders - adult proximity, hand on the shoulder, smile, thumbs up/down, frown Verbal reminders Output Definition The first terminder of the shoulder	Controlled choices - Do work at another time Change of position in the classroom Re-do work Loss of privileges - e.g. part of breaktime, lunchtime. This is individual for different children Informal contact with parents	Own individual resources within the classroom (i.e. own table / individual timeline etc) Parents MUST be informed (informal meeting) Removal of privileges - loss of entire break time / no clubs / Removal from classroom Individual space to calm down Working restoratively - mediation between children Possible referral to the SENCO for 1:1 support	Referral to external agencies in liaison with the SENCo A formal meeting with parents Internal suspension No trips / parental supervision for trips Behaviour support plan completed Safety and support plan completed Changes to curriculum / timetable Possible part-timetable Possible increased adult support Structured lunchtime/breaks	External fixed-term suspension or permanent exclusion Pastoral support plan completed Headteacher meeting with parents Formal recording with LA, Report to police (where appropriate)
	Reflect, repair, restore should be completed for all behaviour choices. Consequences should be decided with children during reflective discussions after de-escalation.				